

Sam Sample 30 Jul 2019



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REPORT STRUCTURE

The Extended Report presents Sam Sample's profile results in the following sections:

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DISCLAIMER

This is a strictly confidential assessment report on Sam Sample which is to be used under the guidance of a trained professional. The information contained in this report should only be disclosed on a 'need to know basis' with the prior understanding of Sam Sample.

This profile arises from a self-report questionnaire and must be interpreted in the light of corroborating evidence gained from feedback and in the context of the role in question taking into account available data such as performance appraisals, actual experience, motivation, interests, values, abilities and skills. As such the authors and distributors cannot accept responsibility for decisions made based on the information contained in this report and cannot be held directly or indirectly liable for the consequences of those decisions.



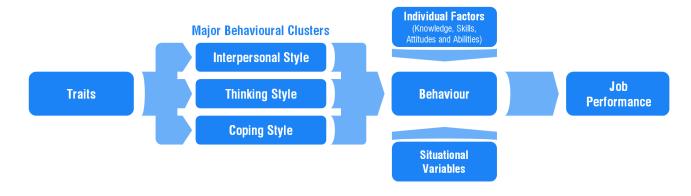
GUIDE TO USING THIS REPORT

INTRODUCTION

The Fifteen Factor Questionnaire Plus (15FQ+) is an assessment of personality and individual differences. The 15FQ+ is based on one of the most researched and respected models of personality, identifying behaviour preferences across Cattell's 16 personality constructs (Cattell, 1946) and the big five personality traits (McCrae and Costa, 1987). These provide insight into how people typically think, feel and interact in ways that may be productive or counter-productive for an organisation:



Extensive research, conducted over many years, has consistently demonstrated that 10-30% of the variance in job performance is attributable to personality differences. Moreover, a person's potential for burnout, their trainability and subsequent job satisfaction, have all been shown to be strongly influenced by personality. Thus personality assessment forms a central part of most careers guidance and counselling programmes, with the aim of helping individuals maximise their potential by finding an optimal match between their personality and their choice of career. The model below illustrates the relationship between behavioural preferences and job performance:



THE EXTENDED REPORT

The Extended Report is the most comprehensive of the 15FQ+ expert reports. The main narrative is broken down into three major behavioural clusters: Interpersonal Style, Thinking Style and Coping Style. Further information is provided on behavioural styles and likely business outcomes such as Team Roles, Leadership Styles, Subordinate Styles, Influencing Styles and Career Themes. This is followed by a brief summary of potential strengths and development areas. The report also provides an appendix of profile charts which covers the primary and secondary factors of the test as well as criterion derived scales and response style scales.





SUPPLEMENTARY REPORTS

The information gained from this report can be used in conjunction with other supplementary reports. The supplementary reports available for the 15FQ+ are:

Competency Development Report

This report uses Psytech's universal competency framework to predict respondents' typical behaviour in each of the model's competency domains. The report outlines respondents' most likely personal strengths and weaknesses in each of the model's competency domains and provides development recommendations.

Emotional Intelligence Report

This report investigates respondents' Emotional Intelligence (EI) in terms of the conceptual framework proposed by Daniel Goleman and his colleagues. This framework defines EI as a set of personal and inter-personal competencies that can be refined and developed through mentoring, coaching and training.

Derailer Report

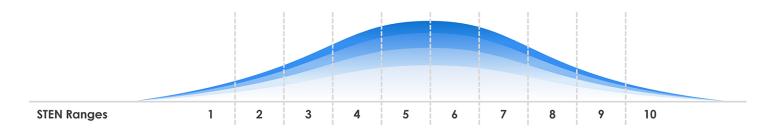
The Derailer Report describes respondents' results in terms of a series of dysfunctional behaviours that can present challenges for organisations in a variety of work settings. The report can be used to identify potential challenges which may impair an individual's performance, facilitate personal development or facilitate behavioural interviews in order to inform and support selection decisions.

Respondent Feedback Report

The Feedback Report is intended for sharing directly with respondents for their personal insight. Similar to this report, it provides descriptions of the individual's most likely behaviours within the three major behavioural clusters. It does not, however, provide potential strengths and development areas, derived work-related behavioural styles or scale scores.

REFERENCE GROUP (NORM) USED

A reference group is used to evaluate Sam's results. His results are presented as standardised STEN scores with Mean=5.5 and SD=2 as demonstrated in the following chart.



The following norm was used to generate this report:

Test	Norm Used	Sample Size
Fifteen Factor Questionnaire Plus (15FQ+)	Professional Managerial	1186





UNDERSTANDING THE CHARTS AND TABLES

Much of the information provided in this report is presented in the form of charts or tables, which is why it is important to be able to read them accurately and make use of the information contained within them. The following elements are used to present the data in the charts and tables:

Element	Description
Raw	The Raw score is simply the (un-scaled) sum of item scores in the 'keyed' direction.
STEN Score	The STEN score is a standardised scale used to compare respondent results. The score has a Mean of 5.5 and Standard Deviation of 2. This score is presented as a 10-point scale in the results chart.
Standard Error of Measurement (SEm)	The Standard Error of Measurement is a measure of the range within which an individual's hypothetical 'true' score is likely to fall within 68% probability. It is presented as blue error bar surrounding the respondent's obtained STEN score in the results chart.
Percentile Score (%ile)	A value which reflects the percentage of people in a sample who score below a given raw score. This score is presented as a numerical value between 0 and 100 in the results chart.





RESPONSE STYLE

The 15FQ+ contains a number of measures that examine the way in which the respondent has approached the questionnaire. While the results suggest that Sam Sample may not have been particularly concerned about projecting a positive image of himself, he appears to have selected an unusually high number of middle or uncertain answers. This indication may be the result of his considered desire to reveal little of his true self, or may be a function of a genuinely moderate personality, perhaps reflective of someone who prefers not to readily express strong views on many issues. Furthermore, Sam Sample's results indicate that there was a strong element of randomness within how he answered the questionnaire. This indication may be the result of a conscious lack of commitment to the assessment process, a failure for him to buy into the process or simply a lack of willingness to portray his true self. Consequently, the number of central answers combined with the degree of randomness represents a high risk of distortion to the profile.

INTERPERSONAL STYLE

Sam Sample's interpersonal style is relatively introverted. That is, his attention and energies will be oriented towards things rather than people. His tendency towards inhibition with people will make him appear to lack self-confidence and expressiveness in social situations. His tendency to withdraw from social interaction may be interpreted as cool disinterest and a lack of interpersonal warmth. As a consequence he may be regarded as unsympathetic, distant and aloof. This is probably more of a reflection of him being in his element when working alone with relatively little personal contact. He simply derives his satisfaction from solitary activities rather than those activities that require a great deal of interpersonal contact. However, this is more a reflection of his social anxiety and lack of ease in social settings. On his own, engaged in solitary pastimes, he will not feel threatened. Tending not to let go in social settings, his reaction to situations will generally be fairly sober and serious. He may possibly come across as a little stiff and perhaps slightly lacking in spontaneity. Unexpected events, or rapidly changing situations, may make him disgruntled. In the right setting however, he should be capable of a fair degree of enthusiasm. Being somewhat retiring and quite self-conscious, he may wish to avoid high-profile participation in social gatherings. He may experience a degree of embarrassment if unexpectedly made the focus of group attention. Outside familiar circles, he may come across as slightly inhibited and formal, his conversation appearing somewhat hesitant at times. When discussing intellectual matters, where he may feel out of his depth, he is likely to feel quite uncomfortable. He is a quite self-reliant individual who generally prefers to work on his own. Not having a great need for group contact or support, he will avoid unnecessary group distractions. He may be seen as quite reclusive and out-of-touch with public opinion.

Amenable and cooperative, he will be inclined to put the needs of others first, even if this means that at times people may try to take advantage of him. Not overbearing, he is unlikely to 'rock the boat'. Preferring to avoid unproductive confrontations, he is likely to adopt a participative, egalitarian style in social interactions. Obliging and helpful, without being overly familiar, once people get to know him, they will warm to him. As adaptable and accommodating as the norm, Sam Sample's initial approach is to give people the benefit of the doubt. If he feels that his trust is being abused, his tolerance may rapidly turn to scepticism. In personal exchanges Sam Sample maintains a balance by not being overbearing nor being too easily dominated. He will assert himself or give way as the situation demands. He is no more or less assertive than most people. Forthright, genuine and rather outspoken, he may be insensitive to social expectations. Although he is unassertive, the direct and uncalculating way in which he expresses himself may ruffle a few feathers. At times, and quite unintentionally, he may upset friends or colleagues.





THINKING STYLE

Sam Sample should, in most situations, be able to strike a balance between viewing things from an intuitive, subjective perspective and a rational, objective stance. While not being overly speculative in his approach, he is nonetheless likely to be as receptive to experiences and emotions as most. As receptive as most to new ideas, he will not reject established, conventional methods out of hand. Neither constantly seeking innovation, nor resistant to change, he tends to take the middle ground between established and radical methods in problem solving. He is neither excessively hard-headed, tough and utilitarian nor highly soft-hearted and sentimental. Having an appreciation of aesthetic issues whilst keeping functional considerations in mind, he strikes a balance between the rational and the emotional in decision-making. He will be inclined to give his attention to practical matters and will be quite alert to external realities. Quite down to earth, he will tend to focus on the here and now. Alertness, caution and practical concern should contribute to a low frequency of accidents. Inclined to reject abstract ideas that have little practical relevance, he will have little time for highly conceptual, theoretically-minded individuals.

Having low levels of self-control, Sam Sample's behaviour and attitudes are more likely to be determined by his own (possibly idiosyncratic) values and beliefs than a function of socially accepted norms. Free-thinking and quite spontaneous, he may be somewhat dismissive of authority. Not having particularly high levels of self-discipline or self-control, he is not likely to be overly concerned about his social standing. He may prefer to relate casually to others rather than strictly observe formality and social etiquette. A person's status, position or authority is unlikely to carry much weight with him - he will tend to view people on their merits. However, being diplomatic and aware of the impact he may have on others, these attitudes may not always be evident. He may not relate at all well to group undertakings which discourage individualism. Manifestly rather unconstrained to some degree, he has an inclination to circumvent rules especially when it is expedient to do so. Unmindful of obligation, he might be an extremely inconsistent or poor finisher, unless pressed. Sam Sample may prefer to have a number of ongoing commitments, but lacking a strong sense of personal obligation, is prone to put them down when they become tedious or repetitive. He is not prone to deliberation and procrastination. Tending to view things from a global perspective, he will prefer to avoid work that demands close attention to detail.

COPING STYLE

Sam Sample is currently experiencing average levels of anxiety. Not unduly prone to mood swings, he should have sufficient energy to cope with life's demands. However, he may nonetheless experience some stress coping with particularly demanding situations or when placed under extreme emotional pressure. As resilient as most, he should be capable of remaining calm in a crisis. Being as secure and self-assured as most, he will not normally be unduly burdened by feelings of low self-esteem or insecurity. His tendency to be relatively free of guilt feelings, coupled with his willingness to accept some personal responsibility for failure, would suggest that he is unlikely to rush into apportioning blame onto the situation when things go wrong. As relaxed and composed as most, Sam Sample is not usually troubled by feelings of irritability and tension. Like most people, however, he may become a little restless or tense when under pressure but this should not cause him undue problems as he is likely to be able to relax without too much difficulty. Whilst minor irritations should not generally upset him, if his goals are repeatedly frustrated he may become impatient or annoyed.





DERIVED DIMENSIONS

This section provides scores and brief descriptions for a variety of derived criterion scales. The derived criterion scales are designed to add further useful insight into the candidate's character and most likely work place behaviour. Test users should consider these criterion scores to be hypotheses about the respondent's likely work based behaviour, which should be tested with reference to the 15FQ+ profile and other sources of information.

The derived dimensions measured include:

Team Roles

Describe how Sam Sample is likely to interact with his colleagues in a team situation.

Leadership Styles

Describe which of a range of leadership styles Sam Sample is most likely to adopt.

Subordinate Styles

Describe which of a range of subordinate styles he is most likely to adopt.

Influencing Styles

Describe which of a range of influencing styles he is most likely to adopt.

Career-Themes

Provide a match between Sam Sample's personality profile and those of the broad occupational groups listed.



TEAM ROLES

The Team Roles describe how Sam Sample is likely to interact with his colleagues in a team situation. The specific ways in which he will express his preferred team style may, however, vary according to the situation. In addition, this behavioural style takes no account of his intellectual approach to problems and the quality of his decisions. The scores below indicate Sam Sample's general propensity for a particular team role orientation. It must be noted that different styles may be adopted according to the demands of the situation and consequently a description of Sam Sample's predominant and secondary team styles is provided.

TEAM ROLE CHART

Role	Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Co-Ordinator	4.9					4.9						
Shaper-Driver	5.4					5.	4					
Evaluator-Critic	5.6					5	.6					
Implementer	4.4				4.4	4						
Team Builder	3.5			3.	.5							
Resource-Investigator	3.4			3.4	4							
Inspector-Completer	3.1			3.1								
Innovator	4.6				4	.6						

Team Role Combination – Evaluator-Critic/Shaper-Driver

Sam Sample is likely to be able to shrewdly spot a problem in an organisation and strike forcefully to make a change. He both recognises the need to think through issues and the importance of acting decisively, and as quickly as possible, as soon as key issues have been carefully considered. He is likely to be able to accurately evaluate the feasibility of other people's ideas and arguments, although this may mean that he is perceived as somewhat serious, reflective and hard-headed. Whilst he probably has the capacity to wield the hatchet if necessary, he will usually come across as quite affable in relaxed situations. Given the right circumstances, he is likely to make a valuable contribution in a role that involves the identification of problems within a team environment and the implementation of change.



LEADERSHIP STYLES

Based on the work of the American Organisational Psychologist Bass, the Leadership Styles describe which of a range of styles Sam Sample is most likely to adopt. This may be of relevance to a variety of situations where there is a requirement to manage others. As with most personality characteristics, the profile only describes Sam Sample's most likely styles and not performance. Effective performance will depend on many factors including the organisational culture in which the individual is operating.



Primary Leadership Style: Delegative Leader

As the name suggests, the style of Delegative leaders is characterised by delegating work to subordinates. Since their style is not strongly democratic, the process of delegation may not involve consultation. As a result, subordinates will generally be assigned work rather than have active input into how projects should be conducted. However, once the work has been assigned only little direction will be provided and subordinates will largely be expected to work with the minimum of supervision. Although such a leadership style may not be everybody's preference those who are naturally independent may enjoy the freedom allowed by such managers.

Secondary Leadership Style: Directive Leader

Directive leaders are characterised by having firm views about how and when things should be done. As such they leave little leeway for subordinates to display independence, believing that they should adhere to the methods and schedules as originally laid down. Having a high goal-orientation and being particularly concerned with results the Directive leader will tend to closely monitor the behaviour and performance of others. This may lead them to be perceived as a little cool and detached. This impression may be reinforced by the fact that they will be led by their own opinions rather than inviting others to contribute their ideas. Being a particularly self-directed leader may lead to the ideas of others to be excluded from consideration at the expense of their own. However, this will only prove to be problematic should their own judgement and abilities be called into question.





SUBORDINATE STYLES

Based on the work of the American Organisational Psychologist Bass, the Subordinate Styles describe which of a range of styles Sam Sample is most likely to adopt. This may be of relevance to a variety of situations where a particular management style is in place. As with most personality characteristics, the profile only describes the style of management to which Sam Sample is most likely to respond and not effectiveness. Effective performance will depend on many factors including the organisational culture in which the individual is operating.

RT									
Score	1	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.6			3.6						
2.6		2.6							
3.7			3.7						
1.5	-	5							
8.4							8.4	4	
	Score 3.6 2.6 3.7 1.5	Score 1 3.6 2.6 3.7 1.5 1	Score 1 2 3 3.6 2.6 3.7 1.5	Score 1 2 3 4 3.6 3.6 3.6 2.6 2.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 1.5 1.5	Score 1 2 3 4 5 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 1.5 1.5 1.5	Score 1 2 3 4 5 6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 4 5 6 2.6 2.6 2.6 4 5 6 3.7 3.7 3.7 5 6 1.5 1.5 5 5 6	Score 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 4 5 6 7 2.6 2.6 2.6 4 5 6 7 3.7 3.7 3.7 4 5 6 7 1.5 1.5 4 5 6 7 6 7	Score 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 3.6 3.6 3.6 4 5 6 7 8 2.6 2.6 2.6 4 5 6 7 8 3.7 3.7 4 5 6 7 8 1.5 1.5 4 5 6 7 8	Score 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 4 5 6 7 8 9 3.6 3.6 3.6 4 5 6 7 8 9 3.6 3.6 3.6 4 5 6 7 8 9 3.6 3.6 3.6 4 5 6 7 8 9 3.7 3.7 4 5 6 7 8 9 1.5 1.5 5 6 7 8 9

Primary Subordinate Style: Reciprocating Subordinate

Reciprocating Subordinates tend to be individuals with an emotionally mature outlook, who rarely become upset by criticism or setbacks. As such they generally feel comfortable about promoting their own ideas or engaging in negotiations with managers concerning the best approach to projects. Hence, they are likely to be most complementary to the Negotiative leader and, given that the Reciprocative Subordinates usually have strong views of their own, any exchanges between subordinate and manager will typically be productive.





INFLUENCING STYLES

The Influencing Styles describe which of a range of styles Sam Sample is most likely to adopt. This may be of interest in relevance to a variety of situations where there is a requirement to influence others or sell a product, service or idea. As with most personality characteristics, the profile only describes Sam Sample's most likely styles and not performance. Effective performance will depend on many factors including the type of product, the customer, the specific situation and the organisational culture in which the individual is operating. Equally, different styles may be adopted according to the demands of the situation and consequently a description of Sam Sample's predominant and Secondary Influencing Style is provided.

INFLUENCING STYLES CHART

Style	Score	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Confident Communicator	4.4	4.4
Rapport Creator	2.2	2.2
Culture Fitter	2.7	2.7
Culture Breaker	4.3	4.3
Enthusiast	4.5	4.5
Perseverer	4	
Business Winner	6.4	6.4
Technician	1.2	1.2
Admin. Support	3.9	3.9
Team Manager	3.5	3.5

Primary Influencing Style: Business Winner

The Business Winner typically attracts new opportunities from previously unknown sources. This will often be achieved through a combination of persistence and the preparedness to try novel and unconventional approaches to influencing or selling. With a tendency to be highly competitive they usually work hard for their successes but their tendency to be unconventional may cause discomfort amongst their colleagues. The Business Winner will usually be a particular asset in those times when existing areas have become saturated or when there is a particular requirement to expand into new markets.

Secondary Influencing Style: Enthusiast

The Enthusiast's success is strongly linked to their ability to convey enthusiasm for the idea, service or product they are promoting. They can be fairly competitive individuals and they have a strong desire to succeed. Their energetic and keen approach can have a contagious effect on their audience, thus influencing the likelihood of a positive response to the idea, service or product they are promoting.



CAREER-THEME SCALES

Career-Themes are based on the work of Holland. These provide a match between Sam Sample's personality profile and those of the broad occupational groups listed. The scores take no account of other important factors such as interests, aptitudes, gualifications and work experience.

CAREER-THEME CHART

Theme	Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Realistic Theme	7.1							7.1			
Investigative Theme	2.7	-	-	2.7							
Artistic Theme	4.4				4.	4					
Social Theme	3			3							
Enterprising Theme	5.4					5.	4				
Conventional Theme	4.3				4.3						

Realistic Theme

Activities involving manipulation of mechanical devices and principles of mechanics and physics. High scorers are likely to be technically orientated, repairing mechanical devices, working on motor cars. They may also enjoy outdoor activities.

Investigative Theme

Activities involving the manipulation of ideas and scientific principles. High scorers will enjoy applying logical and/or scientific principles to the resolution of experimental problems. They may enjoy laboratory work.

Artistic Theme

Activities centred around the expression of artistic and creative ideas. High scorers are typically interested in the Arts in the broadest manifestation e.g. art, music, writing, composing, dance, design etc.

Social Theme

Activities centred on helping or caring for others. High scorers tend to express an interest in charitable work, involving caring for the elderly, children with special needs or counselling, teaching and generally assisting others to achieve their potential.

Enterprising Theme

Activities involving the attainment of objectives through people. High scorers generally express an interest in managing or leading others or taking charge of situations. As such they are attracted to business related situations where they are able to exercise leadership skills.

Conventional Theme

Activities involving organising, administration and well established work practices. High scorers enjoy developing and maintaining systems, operating business machines, doing paperwork, bookkeeping and accountancy.



ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

The following section lists a number of points which can be inferred from Sam Sample's assessment report. The interviewer may wish to use these as the basis for further probing during the interview or counselling discussions.

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Will prefer to avoid making hasty decisions.
- Will generally appear to be self-assured and confident.
- May be self-sufficient, without the need for group support.
- Will tend to feel unrestricted by protocol and established values.
- Will have a tendency to be effective in situations where he has a number of ongoing commitments, where he can concentrate on the global requirements of a task.
- May be effective working independently, not needing to be constantly surrounded by people.
- Should be able to focus his efforts on the most important and/or rewarding projects without being deflected by remote prospects.
- Will tend to be practical and realistic, with his feet firmly on the ground.

POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT NEEDS

- May tend to deliberate a little too much at times, and avoid making some decisions.
- At times his self-confidence may be interpreted as complacency.
- May tend to be something of a loner and not 'walk the talk' as much as might be necessary.
- May show insufficient concern for protocol and established values.
- May have difficulty adhering to highly structured work procedures and may overlook the detailed requirements of a task.
- May tend to feel uncomfortable in situations in which he has to constantly meet new people.
- May be disinclined to persevere when confronted with tedious tasks.
- May tend to lack interest in conceptual issues and be inattentive to the global aspects of a task.

NOTE: Very high number of middle responses - validity of profile questionable - check test taking attitude.

NOTE: Very high number of infrequent responses - the respondent may not have been attentive in completing the questionnaire. He is likely to have answered the questions randomly. Check test taking attitude.



А

15FQ+ PROFILES

CLASSIC PROFILE

Scale	Raw	Left Description	1
fA	8	Distant Aloof Reserved, Distant, Detached, Impersonal.	
β	5	Low Intellectance Lacking confidence in own intellectual abilities.	1
fC	14	Affected by Feelings Emotional, Changeable, Labile, Moody.	
fE	12	Accommodating Passive, Mild, Humble, Deferential.	
fF	12	Sober Serious Restrained, Taciturn, Cautious.	
fG	6	Expedient Spontaneous, Disregarding of rules & obligations.	
fH	9	Retiring Timid, Self-conscious, Hesitant in social settings.	
fl	17	Hard-headed Utilitarian, Unsentimental, Lacks aesthetic sensitivity.	
fL	10	Trusting Accepting, Unsuspecting, Credulous, Tolerant.	
fM	7	Concrete Solution-focused, Realistic, Practical, Down-to-earth.	
fN	7	Direct Genuine, Artless, Open, Forthright, Straightforward.	
fO	8	Confident Secure, Self-assured, Unworried, Guilt-free.	
fQ ₁	11	Conventional Traditional, Conservative, Conforming.	
fQ ₂	11	Group-oriented Sociable, Group dependent, a "Joiner".	
fQ ₃	12	Informal Undisciplined, Uncontrolled, Lax, Follows own urges.	
fQ4	13	Composed Relaxed, Placid, Patient.	

n	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
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ed nt, er''.							7				
al ed, es.				4							
ed nt.						6					

Right Description	%ile
Empathic Affable, Personable, Warm- hearted.	2
High Intellectance Confident of own intellectual abilities.	1
Emotionally Stable Mature, Calm, Phlegmatic.	43
Dominant Assertive, Competitive, Aggressive, Forceful.	33
Enthusiastic Lively, Cheerful, Happy-go- Lucky, Carefree.	26
Conscientious Persevering, Dutiful, Detail conscious.	8
Socially-bold Venturesome, Talkative, Socially confident.	26
Tender-minded Sensitive, Aesthetically aware, Sentimental.	53
Suspicious Sceptical, Cynical, Doubting, Critical.	64
Abstract Imaginative, Absent-minded, Impractical.	19
Restrained Diplomatic, Socially astute, Socially aware, Discreet.	5
Self-doubting Worrying, Insecure, Apprehensive.	15
Radical Experimenting, Open to change, Unconventional.	56
Self-sufficient Solitary, Self-reliant, Individualistic.	68
Self-disciplined Compulsive, Fastidious, Exacting willpower.	20
Tense-driven Impatient, Low frustration tolerance, Irritable.	57





BIG FIVE PROFILE

Scale	Score	Left Description	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Right Description
E	3	Introversion Tends to feel uncomfortable in social situations.	3	Extraversion Strong predisposition to social interaction.
N	5	Low aNxiety Calm, composed and satisfied with life and ability to cope.	-5-------------	High aNxiety Problems in coping with day to day situations. Concerned about the future.
0	5	Pragmaticism Realistic, practical and conservative in attitudes.	5	Openness Enjoy innovation, interested in artistic expression.
A	7	Independence Alert, quick to respond to situations, challenging, self- assured.	7	Agreeableness People orientated, empathic, accommodating.
с	2	Low Self-Control Free from constraints of social rules.	2	High Self-Control Conscious of group standards of behaviour.





RESPONSE STYLE INDICATORS

Distortion Scale Scores

Scale	Raw	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Social Desirability	10					l		7				
Fake Good	5				4							
Fake Bad	3			3								

Risk Scale Scores

Scale	Raw	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Central Tendency	61										10
Infrequency	12										10

CRITERION DERIVED SCALES

Scale	Raw	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Emotional Intelligence	12			3							
Positive Work Attitude	9			3							



INTERPERSONAL STYLES PROFILE



Scale	Left Description		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Right Description
E	Introversion Tends to feel uncomfortable in social situations.				3								Extraversion Strong predisposition to social interaction.
fA	Distant Aloof Reserved, Distant, Detached, Impersonal.	(2									Empathic Affable, Personable, Warm- hearted.
fF	Sober Serious Restrained, Taciturn, Cautious.					4							Enthusiastic Lively, Cheerful, Happy-go- Lucky, Carefree.
fH	Retiring Timid, Self-conscious, Hesitant in social settings.					4							Socially-bold Venturesome, Talkative, Socially confident.
-fQ2	Self-sufficient Solitary, Self-reliant, Individualistic.					4							Group-oriented Sociable, Group dependent, a "Joiner".
Scale	Left Description		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Right Description
А	Independence Alert, Quick to respond to situations, challenging, self- assured.								7				Agreeableness People orientated, empathic, accommodating.
-β	High Intellectance Confident of own intellectual abilities.											10	Low Intellectance Lacking confidence in own intellectual abilities.
-fE	Dominant Assertive, Competitive, Aggressive, Forceful.							6					Accommodating Passive, Mild, Humble, Deferential.
-fL	Suspicious Sceptical, Cynical, Doubting, Critical.						5						Trusting Accepting, Unsuspecting, Credulous, Tolerant.
-fQ1	Radical Experimenting, Open to change, Unconventional.						5						Conventional Traditional, Conservative, Conforming.





THINKING STYLES PROFILE

Scale	Left Description	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Right Description	
ο	Pragmaticism Realistic, practical and conservative in attitudes.					5						Openness Enjoy innovation, interested artistic expression.	d in
fl	Hard-headed Utilitarian, Unsentimental, Lacks aesthetic sensitivity.				l		6					Tender-minded Sensitive, Aesthetically awa Sentimental.	are,
fM	Concrete Solution-focused, Realistic, Practical, Down-to-earth.				4							Abstract Imaginative, Absent-minde Impractical.	ed,
fQ1	Conventional Traditional, Conservative, Conforming.						6					Radical Experimenting, Open to change, Unconventional.	
Scale	Left Description	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Right Description	
Scale C	Left Description Low Self-Control Free from constraints of social rules.	1	2 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Right Description High Self-Control Conscious of group stander of behaviour.	ards
	Low Self-Control Free from constraints of social	1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	High Self-Control Conscious of group stando	ards
с	Low Self-Control Free from constraints of social rules. Expedient Spontaneous, Disregarding of	1			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	High Self-Control Conscious of group stands of behaviour. Conscientious Persevering, Dutiful, Detail	





COPING STYLES PROFILE

Scale	Left Description	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Right Description
N	Low Anxiety Calm, composed and satisfied with life and ability to cope.					5						High Anxiety Problems in coping with day to day situations. Concerned about the future.
-fC	Emotionally Stable Mature, Calm, Phlegmatic.						6					Affected by Feelings Emotional, Changeable, Labile, Moody.
fO	Confident Secure, Self-assured, Unworried, Guilt-free.				4)					Self-doubting Worrying, Insecure, Apprehensive.
fQ4	Composed Relaxed, Placid, Patient.						6					Tense-driven Impatient, Low frustration tolerance, Irritable.
fL	Trusting Accepting, Unsuspecting, Credulous, Tolerant.						6					Suspicious Sceptical, Cynical, Doubting, Critical.